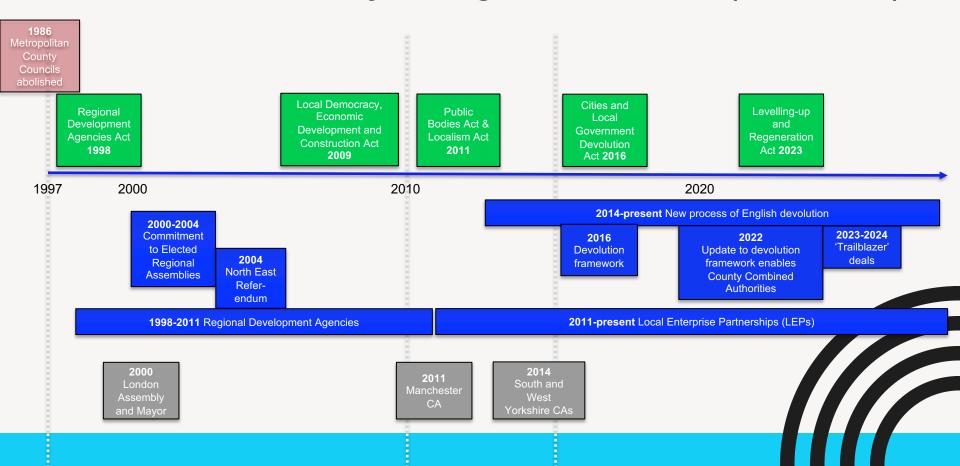


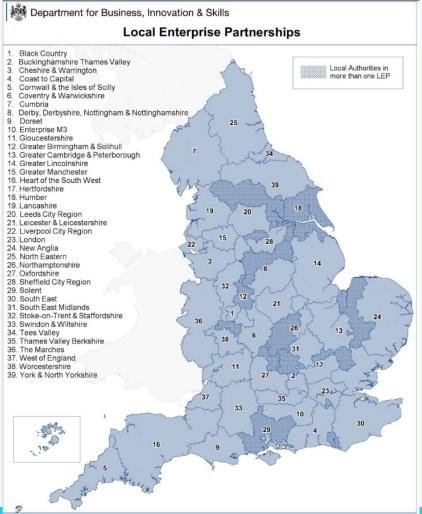


The past and future of English devolution: Opportunities for food systems change

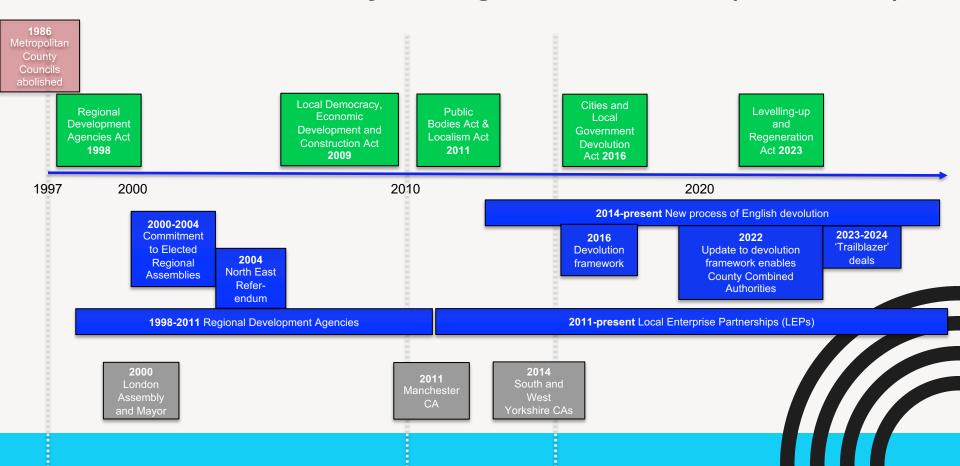
Dr Christopher Yap Centre for Food Policy, City Christopher.yap@city.ac.uk

A short recent history of English devolution (1997-2024)





A short recent history of English devolution (1997-2024)



(Mayoral) Combined Authorities

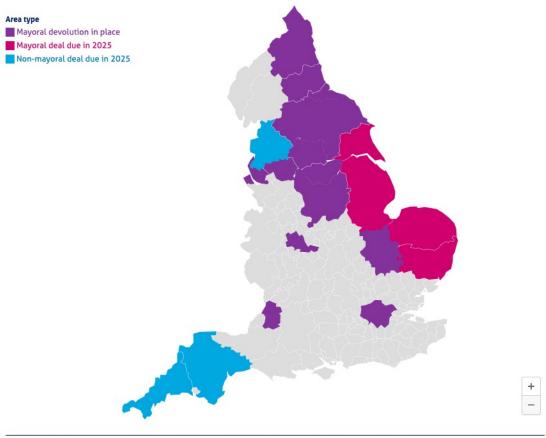
- CAs most robust legal form of regional and cross-boundary collaboration
- "A link between geography and the effectiveness of a combined authority. This is about administrative coherence, scale and the importance of reflecting the economic and transport geography." (LGA 2021)
- Each MCA agrees a bespoke deal with national government

Devolution Framework (DLUHC, 2023)

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Strategic role in delivering services	Level 1+ Adult education, LEP (partial), UK Shared Prosperity Fund	Level 2+ Mayor, transport, local roads, urban regeneration, investment funds to support regional economic growth Mayors can establish development corporations to influence planning and development	Level 3+ Skills and careers, local energy planning, local growth and place, housing and regeneration

The current state of English devolution

Mayoral Combined Authorities	Greater London, West Midlands, Greater Manchester, Liverpool City Region, West Yorkshire, South Yorkshire, Cambridgeshire and Peterborough, Tees Valley, West of England, York and North Yorkshire, East Midlands, North East.	
Mayoral Combined Authorities agreed	Suffolk, Norfolk, Greater Lincolnshire, Hull and East Yorkshire	
Non-Mayoral Combined Authorities agreed	Lancashire, Devon and Torbay, and Cornwall	



Devolution currently covers:

- 48% of England's population,
- 54% of its economic output,
- 26% of the land area.

If all the new deals are implemented as planned in 2025, this will increase to:

- 64% of England's population,
- 67% of its economic output,
- 54% of the land area
 (Institute of Government, 2024)



The role of Mayors

- "We have identified four different styles, which each mayor is deploying in different permutations. The styles are disrupter, convenor, leader and advocate. In practice this can mean: disrupting by bringing new perspectives to longstanding challenges; convening partners in new modes of collaboration; providing political leadership on challenging issues; and acting as an advocate for the place regionally and nationally" (LGA 2021)
- Political capital that has enabled Mayors to extend their remit and drive local-regional change.
- Aligns with European cities where Mayors hold significant political agency



The future of devolution

- The Institute for Government recently called for the extension of devolution to 85% of England by the end
 of the next parliament.
- The Levelling Up White Paper (2023) makes a commitment that "every part of England that wants one will have a devolution deal with powers at or approaching the highest level of devolution" by 2030, opening up the possibility of devolution to all areas of England.

Labour (2024)

- A new, clearer framework for English devolution which brings together local leaders with central government on a statutory basis.
- A presumption towards devolution, with combined authorities given the right to request powers held elsewhere and central government required to explain what steps they should take to become eligible for new powers.
- A statutory requirement for all combined authorities to adopt Local Growth Plans.

Leveraging food systems change through Mayoral Combined Authorities

- Build on existing progress: free school meals, auto-enrollment, food security, unhealthy food advertising restrictions...
- Frame food in terms of existing policy mandates within the devolution framework
- Mayors matter!
- Think and link internationally: C40 Cities, ICLEI, United Cities Local Government...
- There is a window of opportunity to influence bespoke deals and their implementation

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